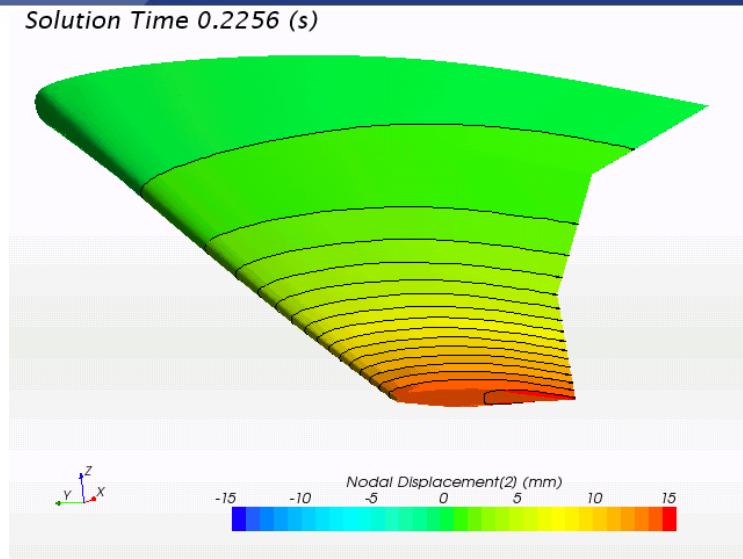




HIRENASD: Validations

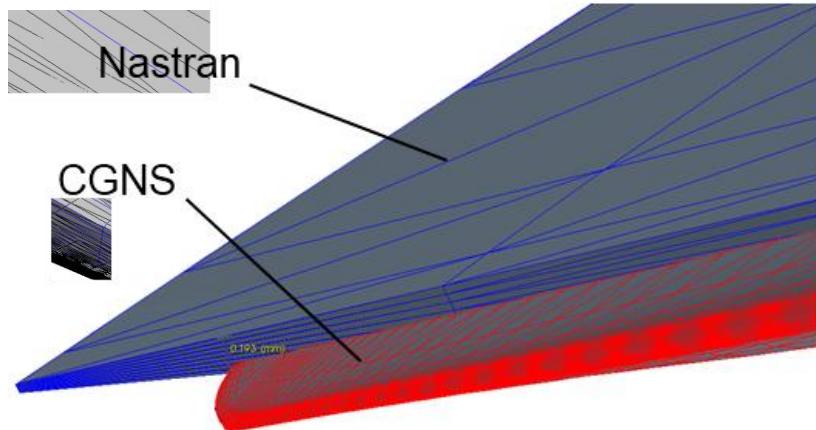


Alan Mueller & Sergey Zhelzov

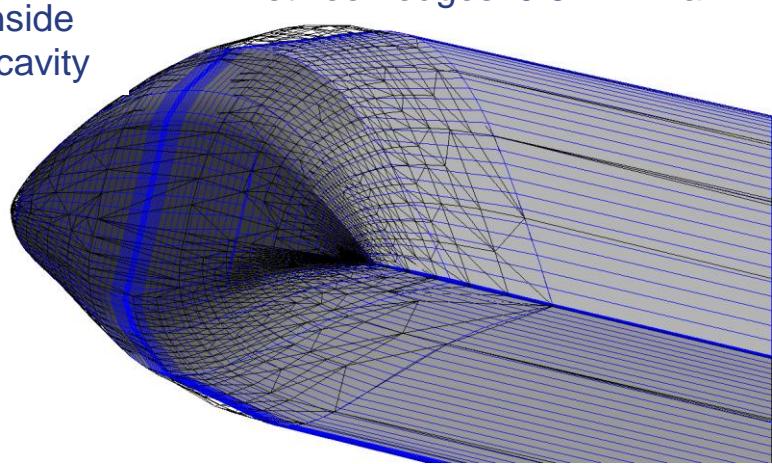
1st Aeroelastic Prediction Workshop
Honolulu, April 2012

CFD and CSM Geometry Correspondence

Rear edge zoomed close to the wing tip

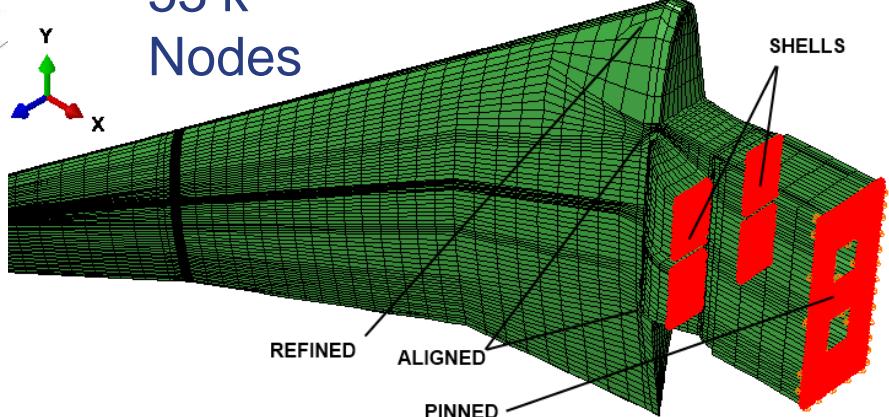


CSM is inside
the CDF cavity



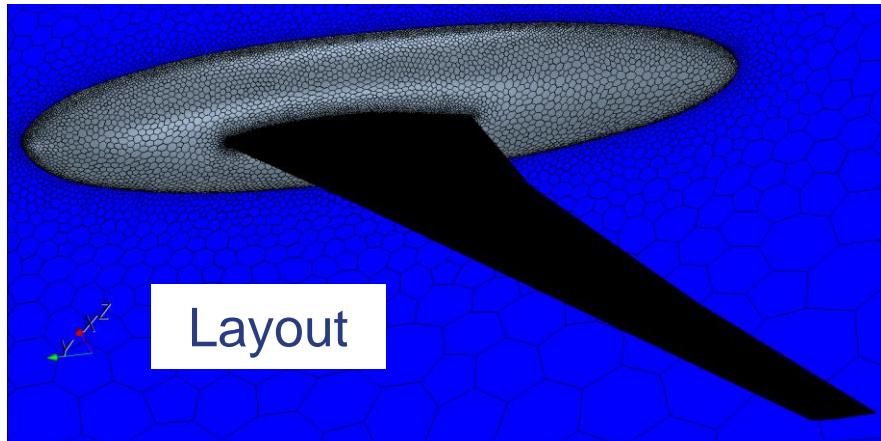
Between edges: 0.8 mm max.

53 k
Nodes



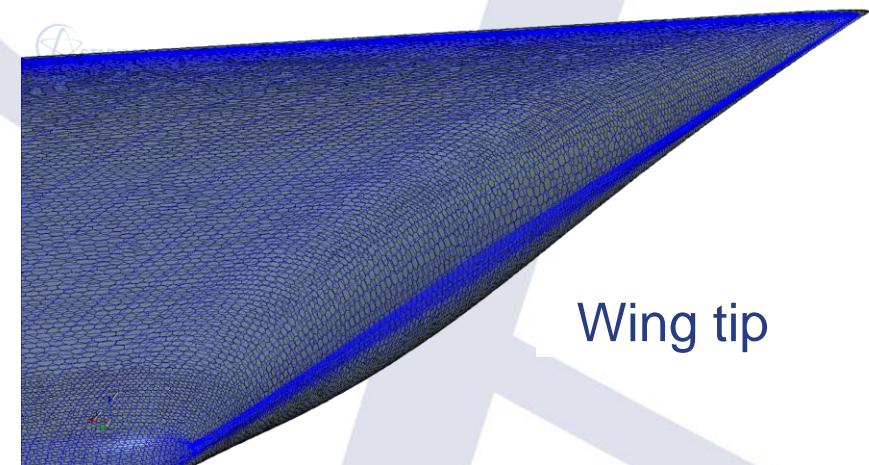
CSM base: fem_structured_wing.bdf;
- Nastran bdf converted to Abaqus inp;
- c3d8i FE used;
- minor modifications of the some nodes location to improve FSI coupling;
- DOF 1, 2, 3 fixed for PINNED nodes;
- Excitation SHELLS added.

CFD Polyhedral Mesh



Layout

Mesh size: 2.4M, 8.5 M and 13.9 M
Top surface grid density: 1.4 mm
Bottom surface grid density: 20 mm
Prism layer thickness: 1.5 mm
of prism layers: 18
Mesher type: Polyhedral
Wall Thickness: 1e-3 mm
Leading edge grid density: 288 Pts/circle

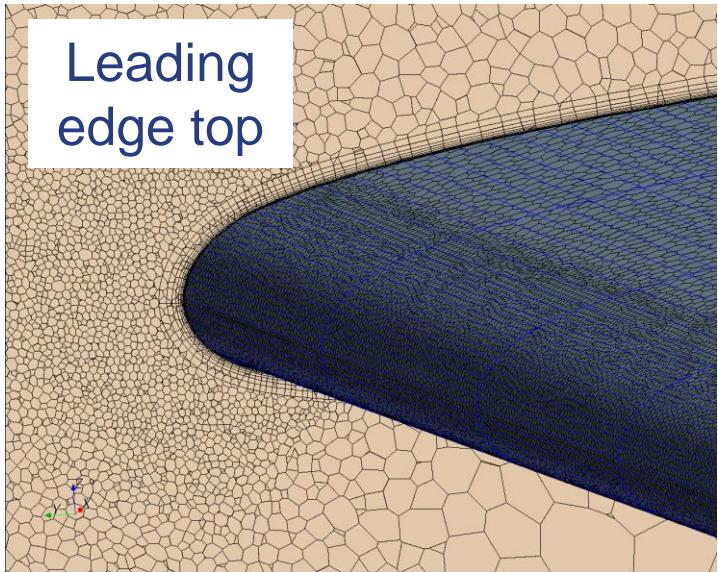


Wing top
surface

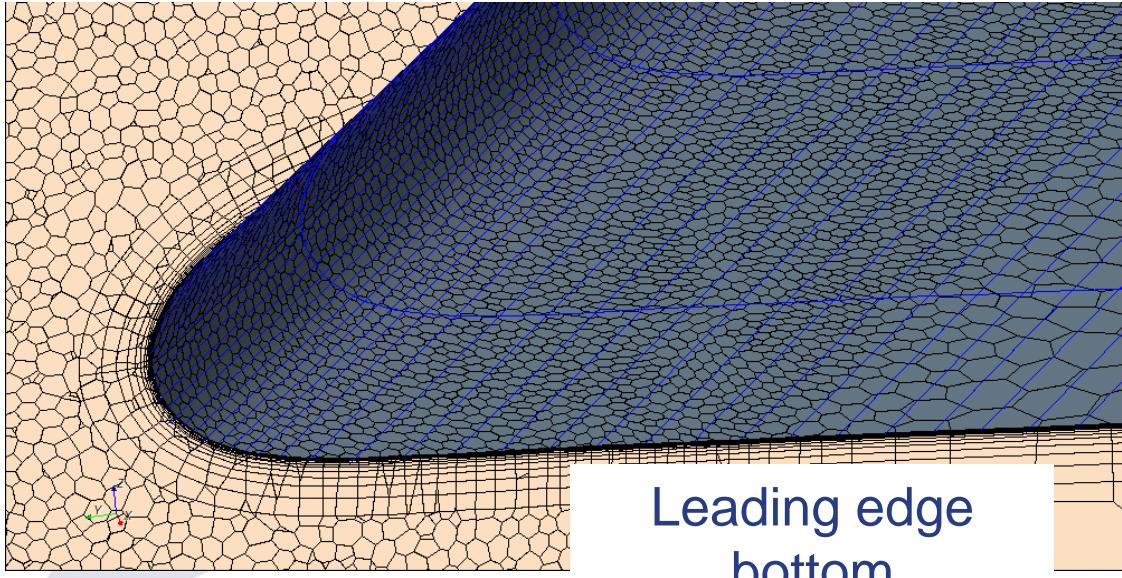
Wing tip

CFD Mesh Details

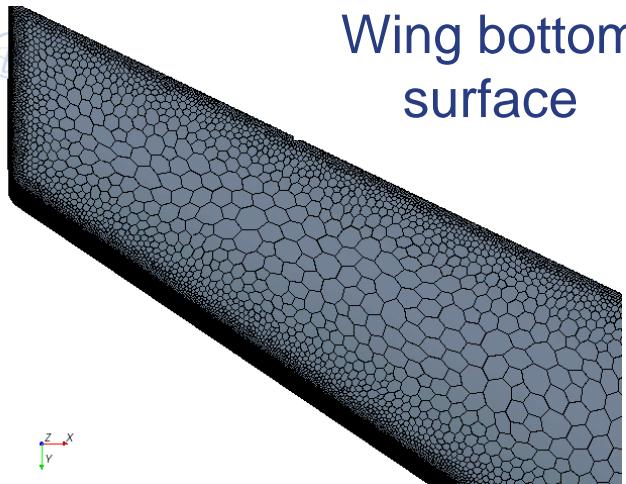
Leading edge top



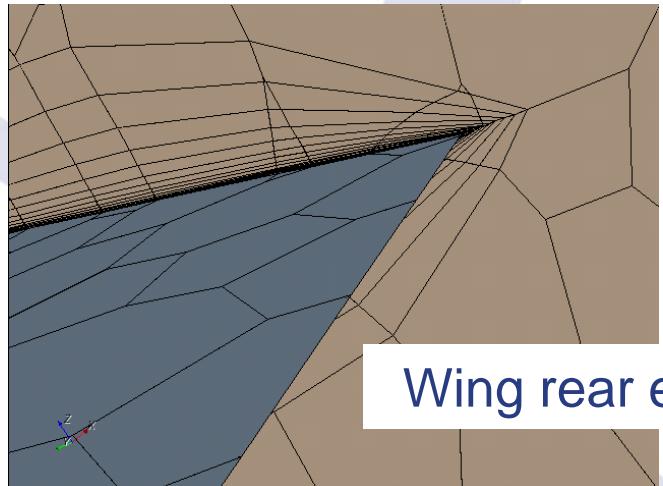
Leading edge bottom



Wing bottom surface



Wing rear edge



CFD + CSM Numerics and Physics

- CFD: Navier Stokes, Finite Volume, Roe FDS or AUSM+, SA & K- ω SST Turbulence, Least Square Gradients
- CSM: C3D8I hex, elastic, minimal damping, n-l geom
- Steady-state, Static Equilibrium
 - Steady state rigid + 3 exchanges with static CSM
 - Transient 1st order, 100 subiterations after exchanges
- Transient Free and Forced
 - 2nd order time, 85 to 170 steps/cycle,
 - 20 to 60 subiterations, convergence criteria CI
- Morphed Mesh (Multiquadric, Radial Basis Function)
- S2S Mapping (least square, shape functions)

Turbulence and slip wall

- SA & K- ω SST
- Only for rigid wing, none for aeroelastic

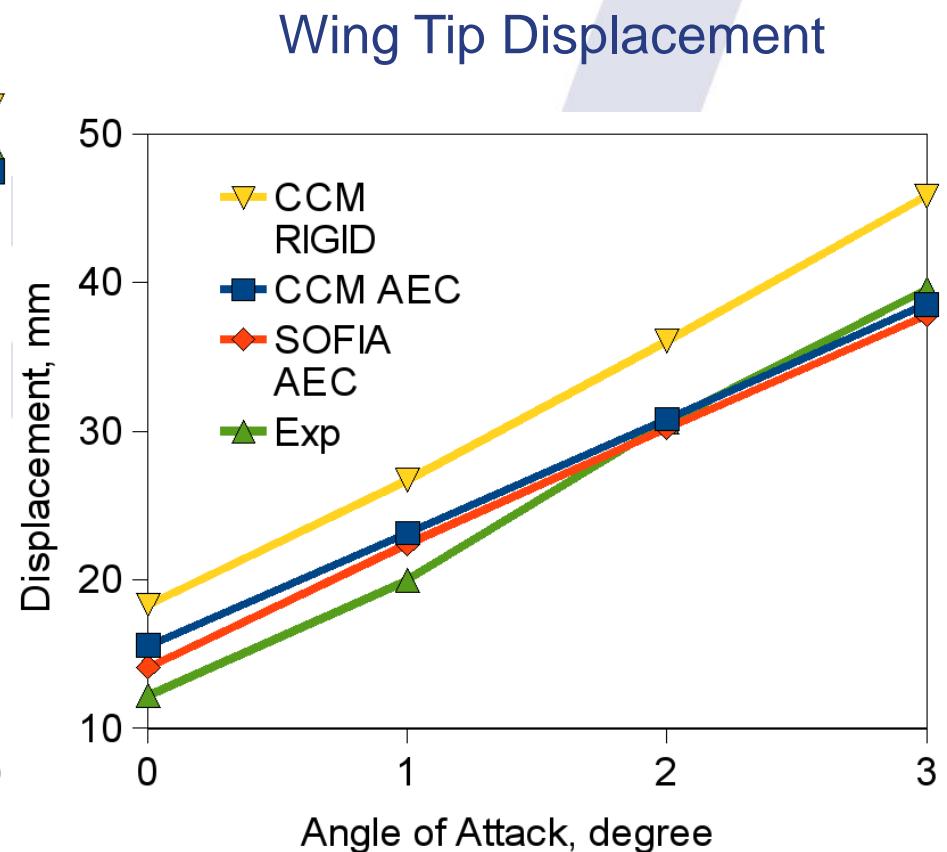
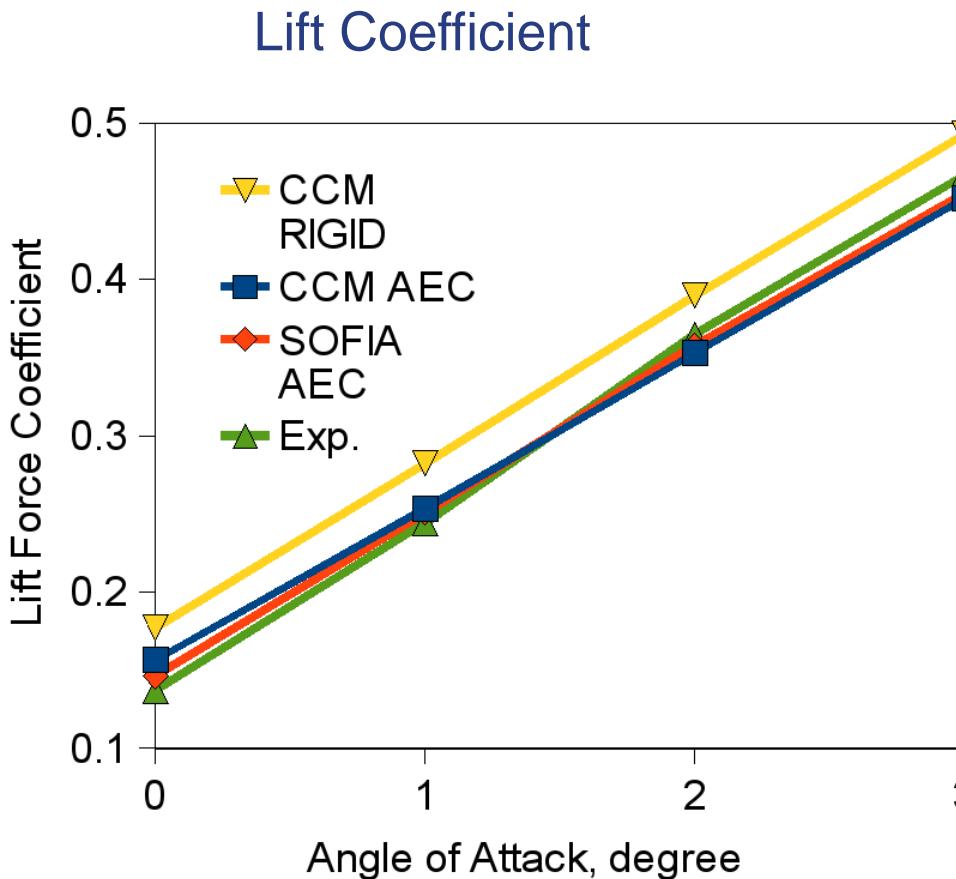
m17 alpha, deg	Slp_kw CL	Nsl_kw CL	Nsl_SA CL	Slp_kw CD	Nsl_kw CD	Nsl_SA CD
-2	-0.055	-0.031	-0.032	0.0142	0.0140	0.0139
0	0.171	0.166	0.179	0.0122	0.0127	0.0123
2	0.375	0.379	0.402	0.0177	0.0183	0.0186
4	0.579	0.573	0.611	0.0322	0.0324	0.0350
6	0.698	0.693	0.686	0.0629	0.0621	0.0609

Simulation Parameters

Test medium	-	-	Nitrogen
Mach number	M	-	0.8
Reynolds number (based on ref chord)	Re_c	-	2.35E+07
Static temperature	T_{stat}	deg K	204.0
Static pressure	P	kPa	201
Dynamic viscosity	μ	Pa-s	1.12E-05
Load factor	q/E	-	4.80E-07

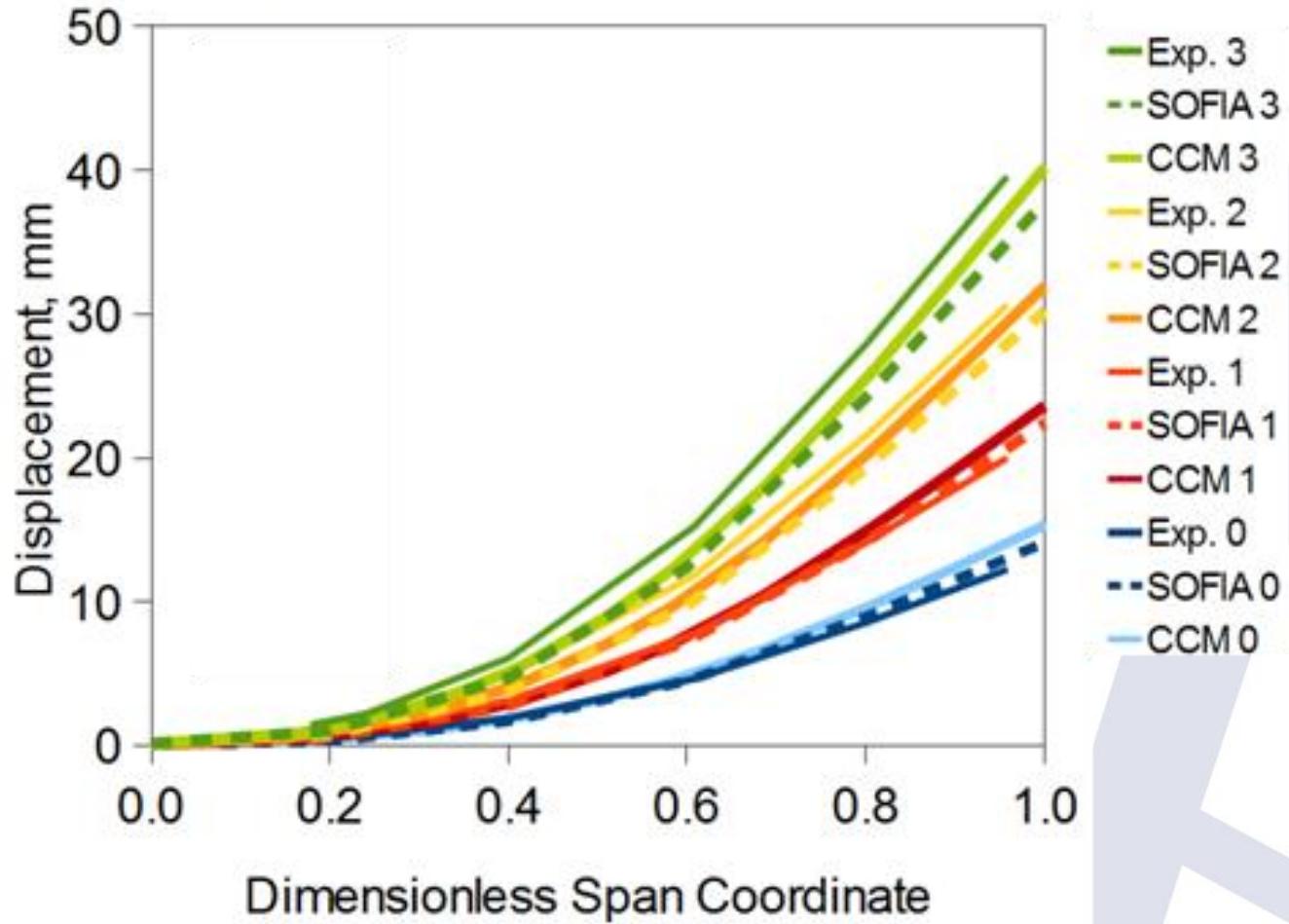
Aerodynamic Equilibrium Wing at different AOA

- Static Structure, Steady airflow at deformed shape
- $Ma=0.8$, $Re=23.5 \times 10^6$, $q/E=0.48 \times 10^{-6}$

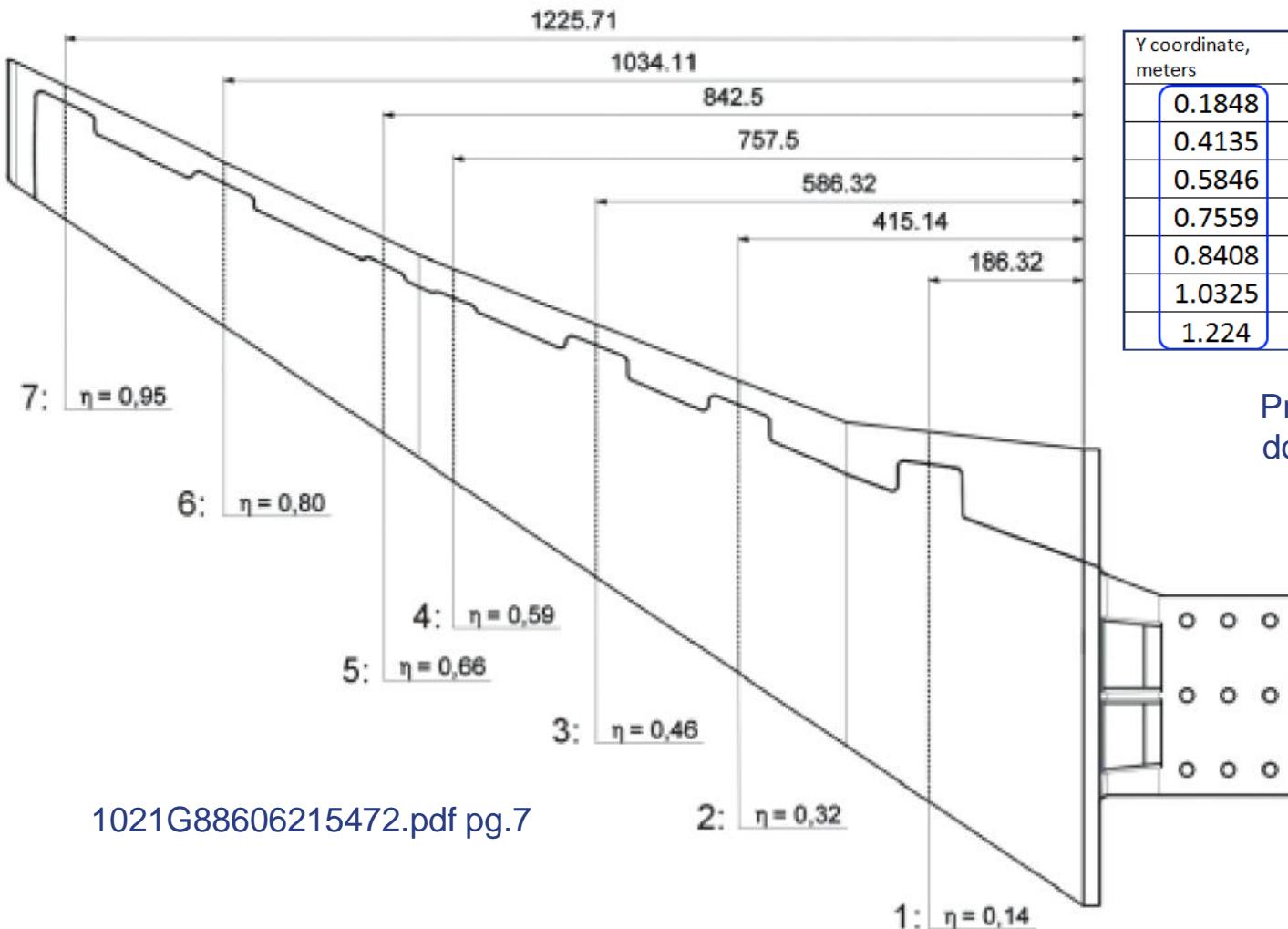


Spanwise Wing Deformation at AOA 0,1,2,3°

Exp.250: $q/E=0.48e-6$ $Ma=0.80$ $Re=23.5e6$



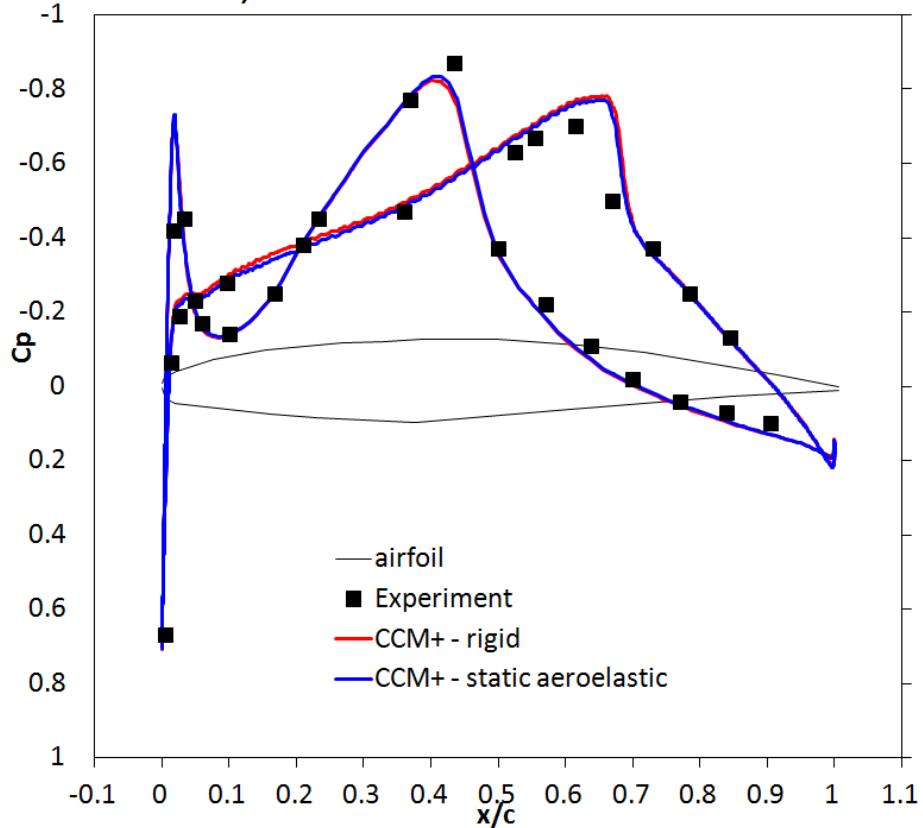
Pressure Sections



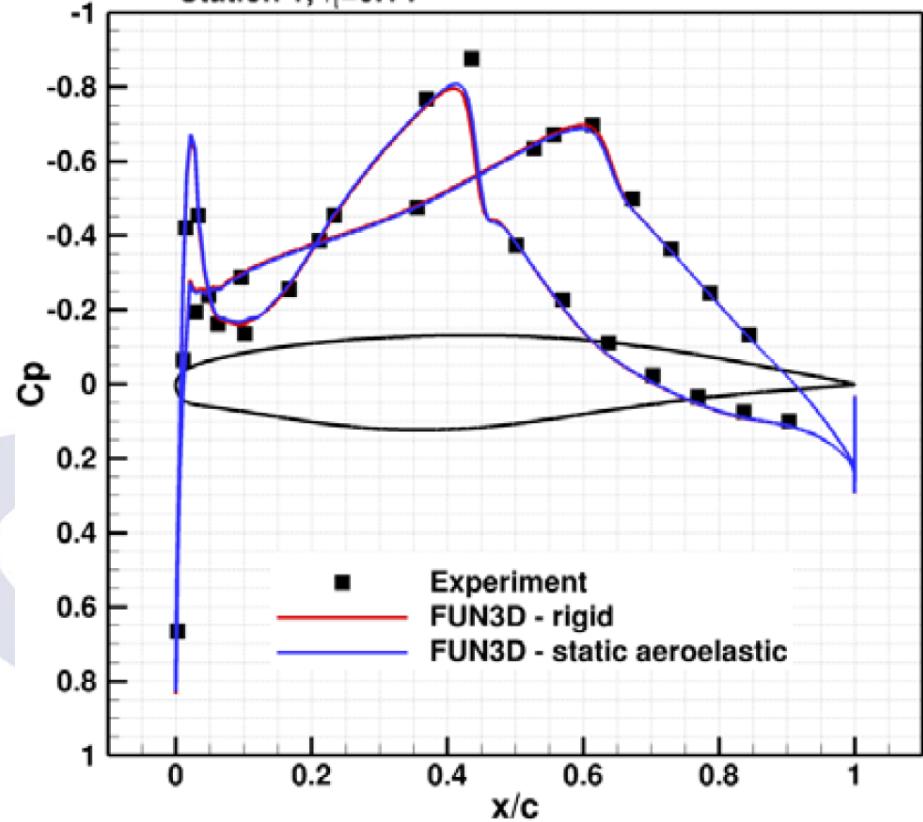
Pressure_locations_documentation.docx
pg.3

Cp: AOA 0°, Station 1

Mach=0.8, q/E=0.48e-6, Re=23.5e6, alpha=0 deg,
Station 1, eta=0.14



Mach=0.8, q/E=0.48e-6, Re=23.5e6, alpha=0deg,
Station 1, $\eta=0.14$

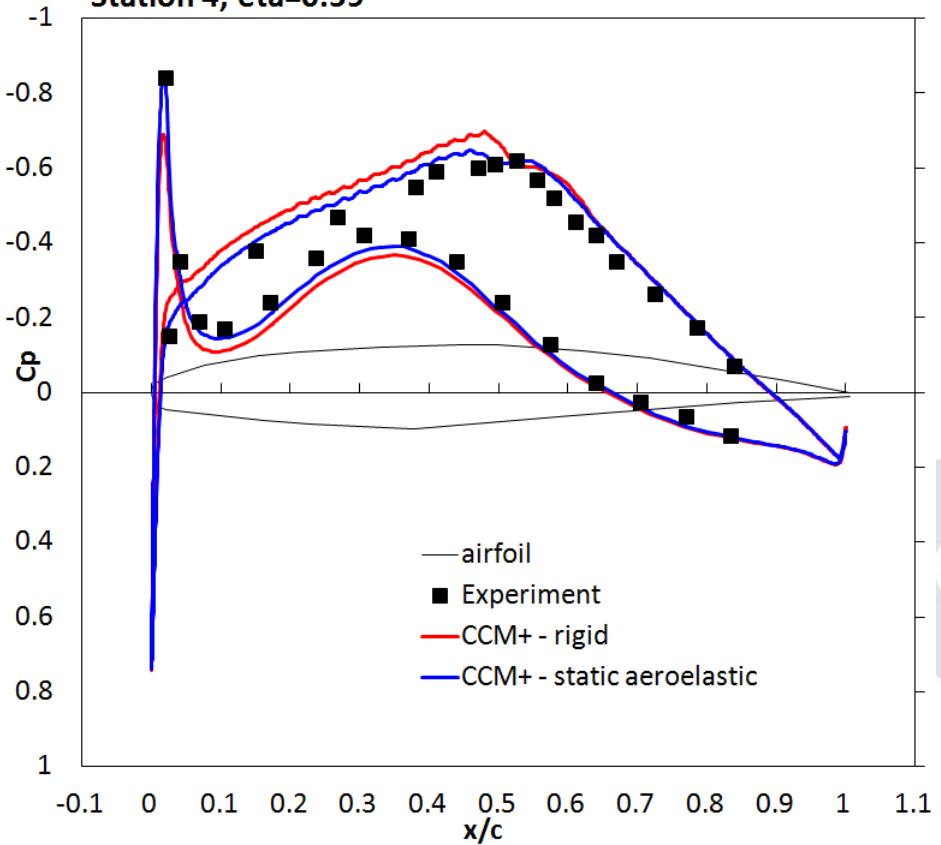


Reference:

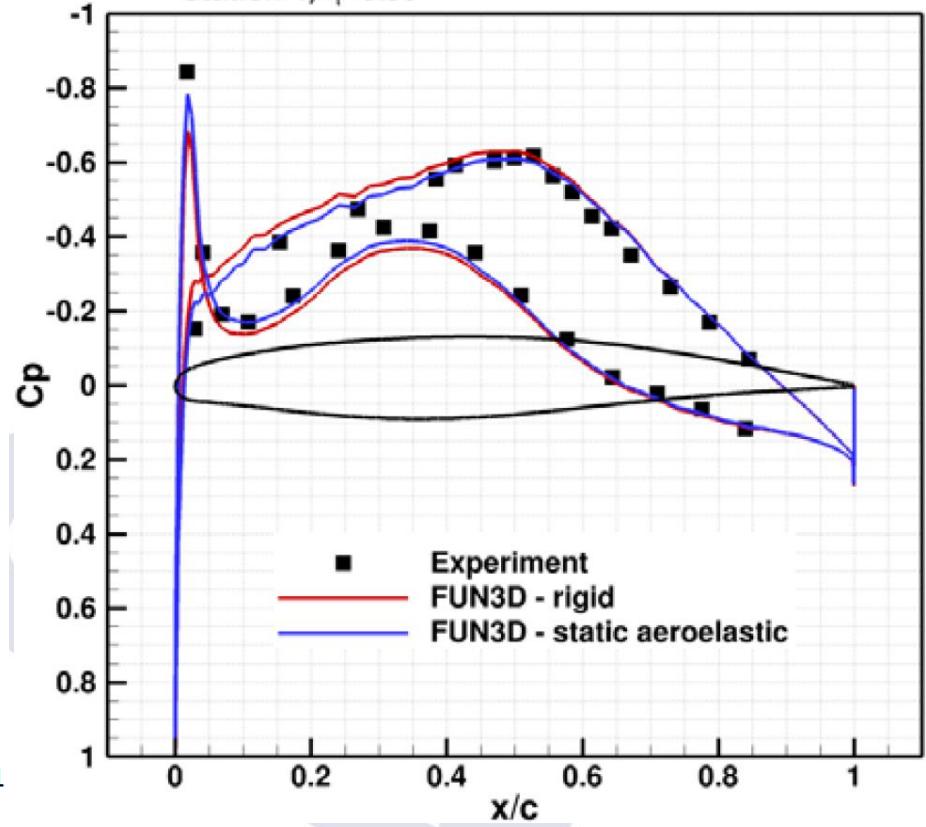
J.Heeg, J.Florance, P.Chwalowski, B. Perry, C.Wieseman. Information Package: Workshop on Aeroelastic Prediction. Aeroelasticity Branch, NASA Hampton, Virginia. October 2010

Cp: AOA 0°, Station 4

Mach=0.8, q/E=0.48e-6, Re=23.5e6, alpha=0 deg,
Station 4, eta=0.59



Mach=0.8, q/E=0.48e-6, Re=23.5e6, alpha=0deg,
Station 4, $\eta=0.59$

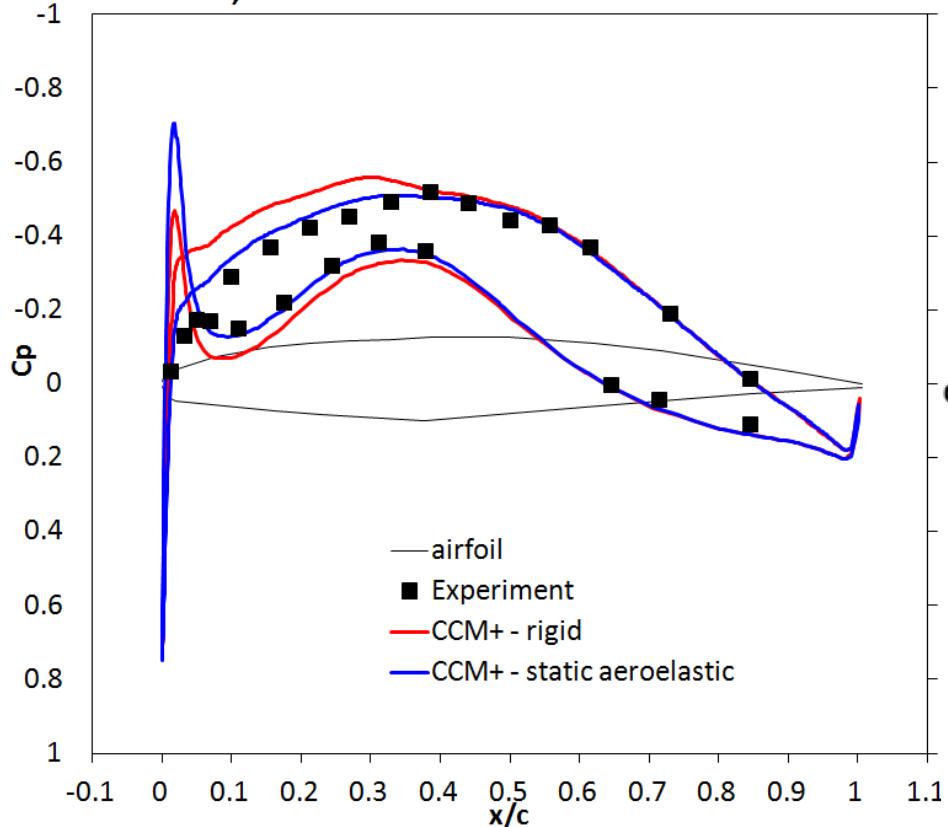


Reference:

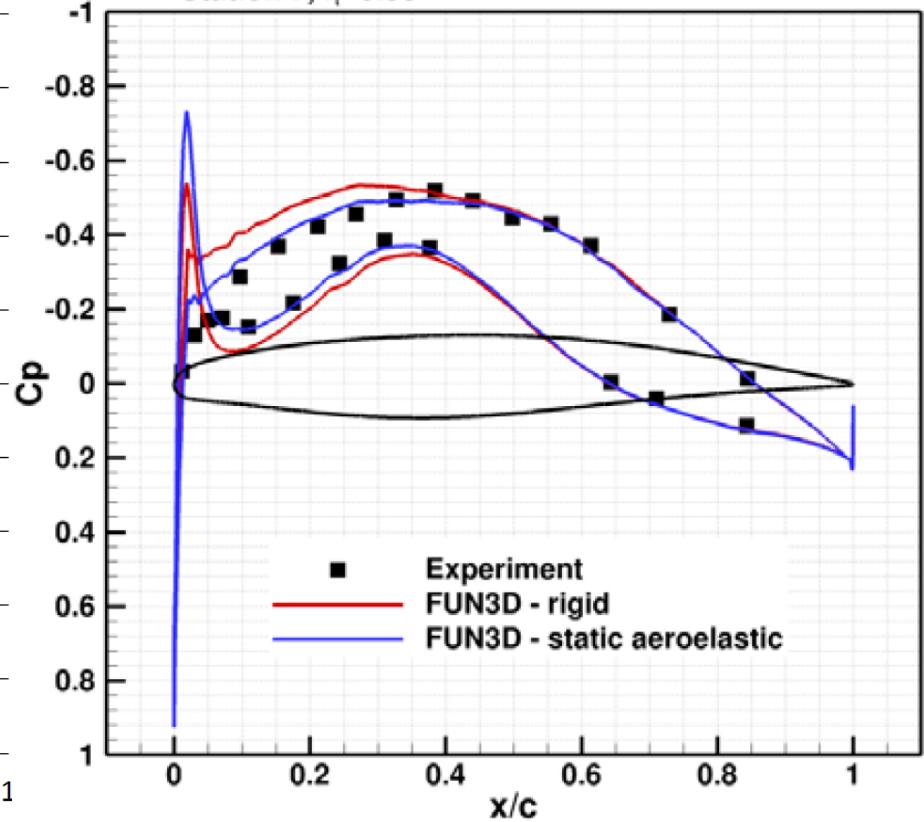
J.Heeg, J.Florance, P.Chwalowski, B. Perry, C.Wieseman. Information Package: Workshop on Aeroelastic Prediction. Aeroelasticity Branch, NASA Hampton, Virginia. October 2010

Cp: AOA 0°, Station 7

Mach=0.8, q/E=0.48e-6, Re=23.5e6, alpha=0 deg,
Station 7, eta=0.95



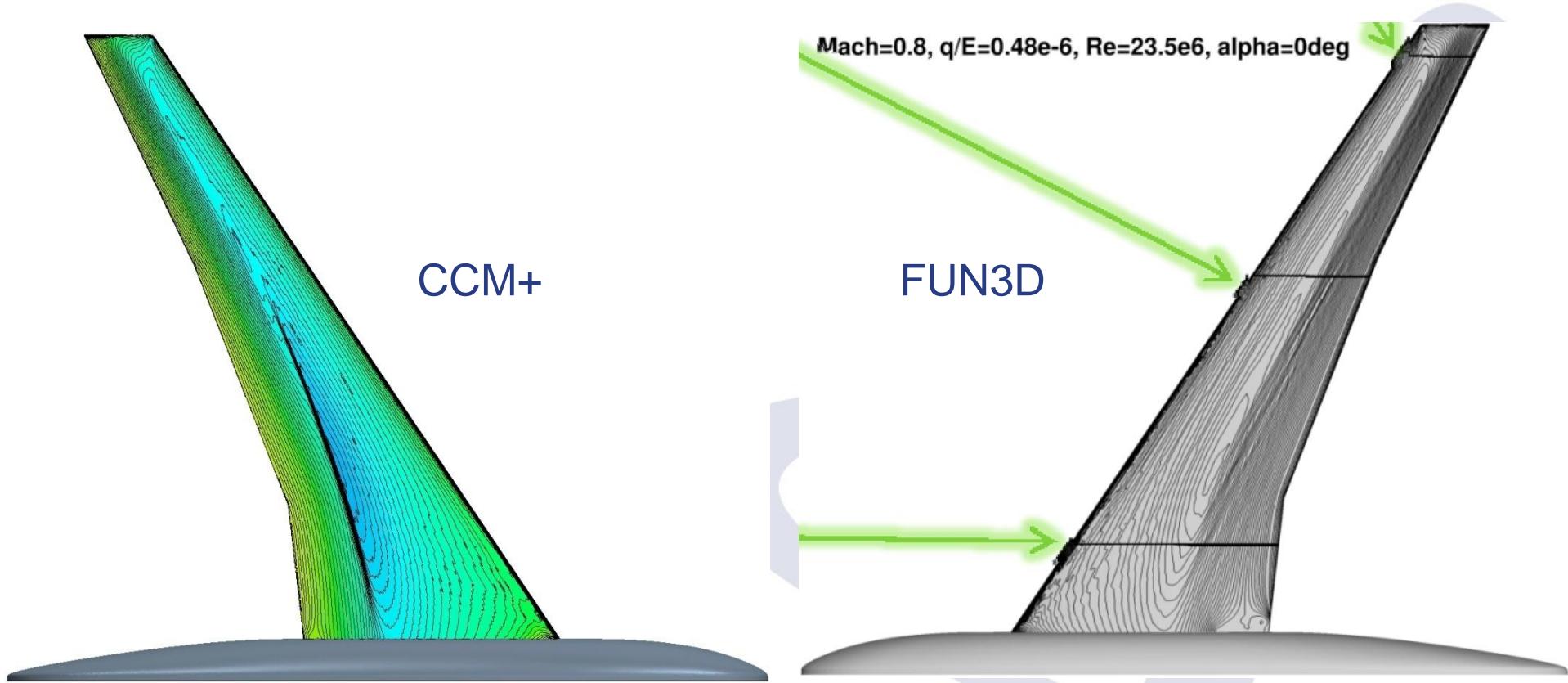
Mach=0.8, q/E=0.48e-6, Re=23.5e6, 
Station 7, $\eta=0.95$



Reference:

J.Heeg, J.Florance, P.Chwalowski, B. Perry, C.Wieseman. Information Package: Workshop on Aeroelastic Prediction. Aeroelasticity Branch, NASA Hampton, Virginia. October 2010

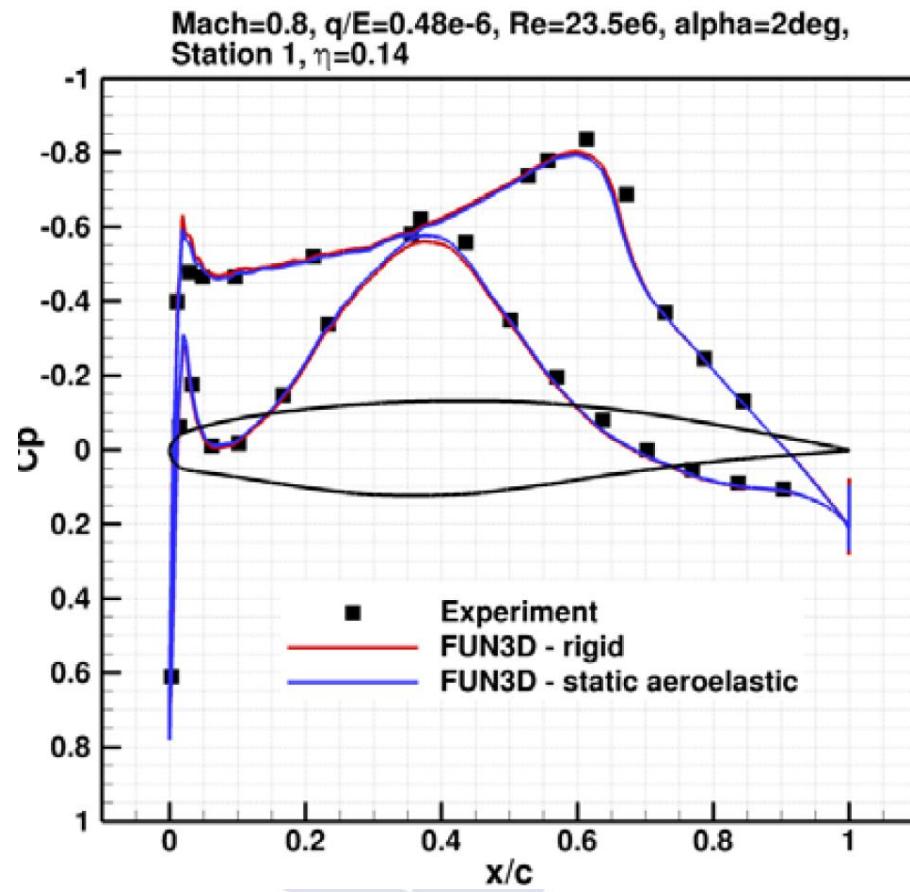
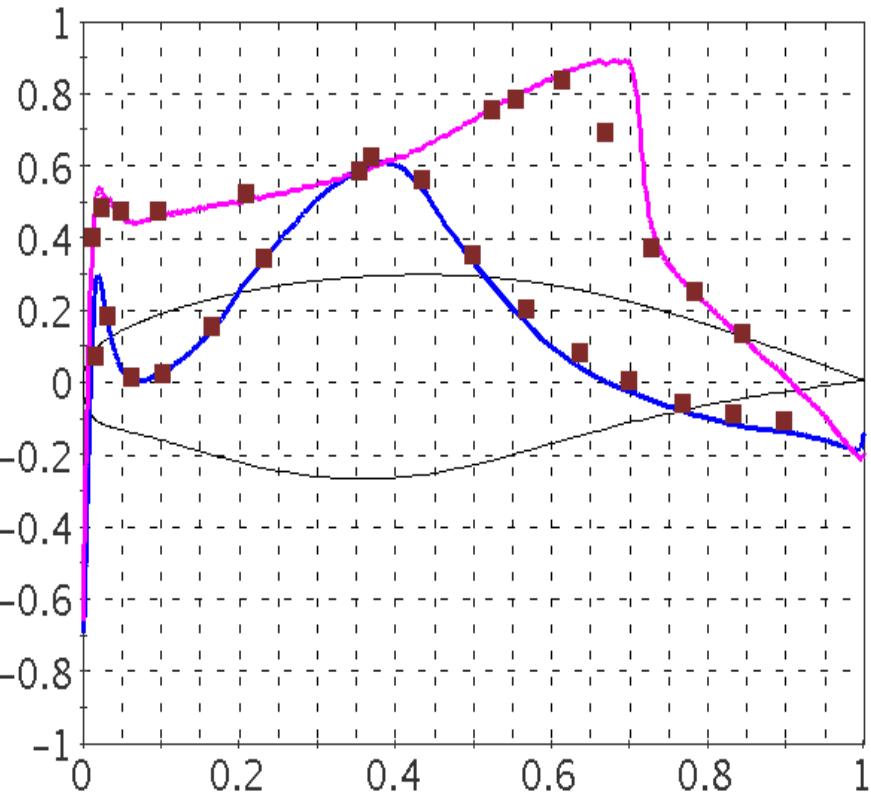
Cp: AOA 0°



Reference:

J.Heeg, J.Florance, P.Chwalowski, B. Perry, C.Wieseman. Information Package: Workshop on Aeroelastic Prediction. Aeroelasticity Branch, NASA Hampton, Virginia. October 2010

Cp: AOA 2°, Station 1

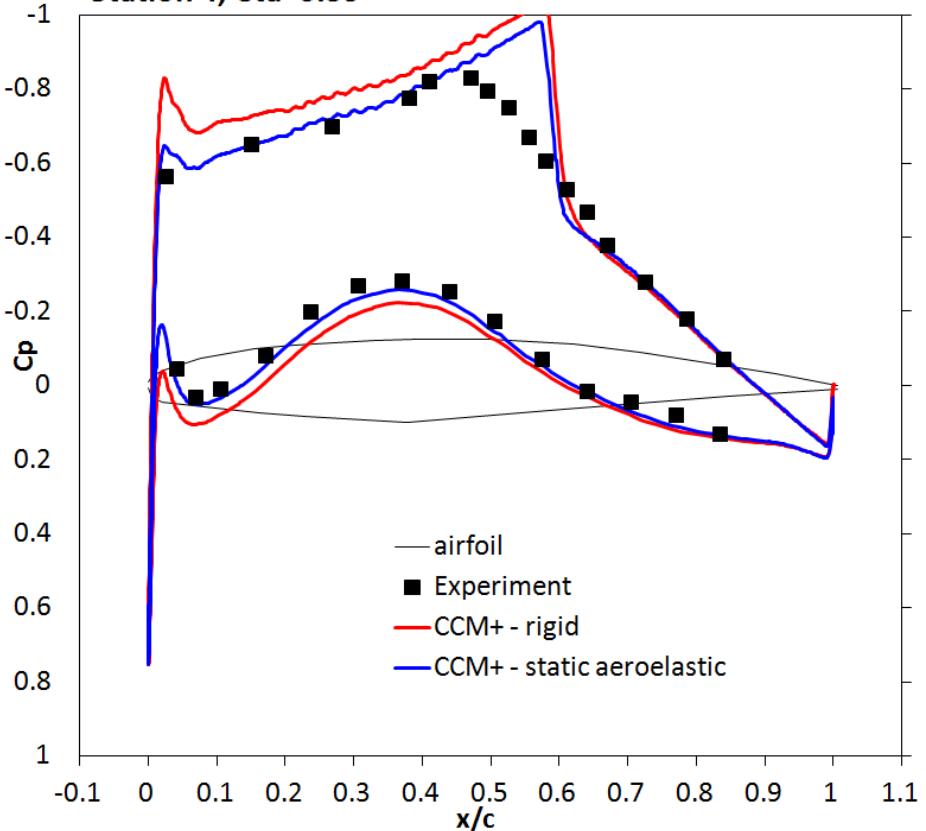


Reference:

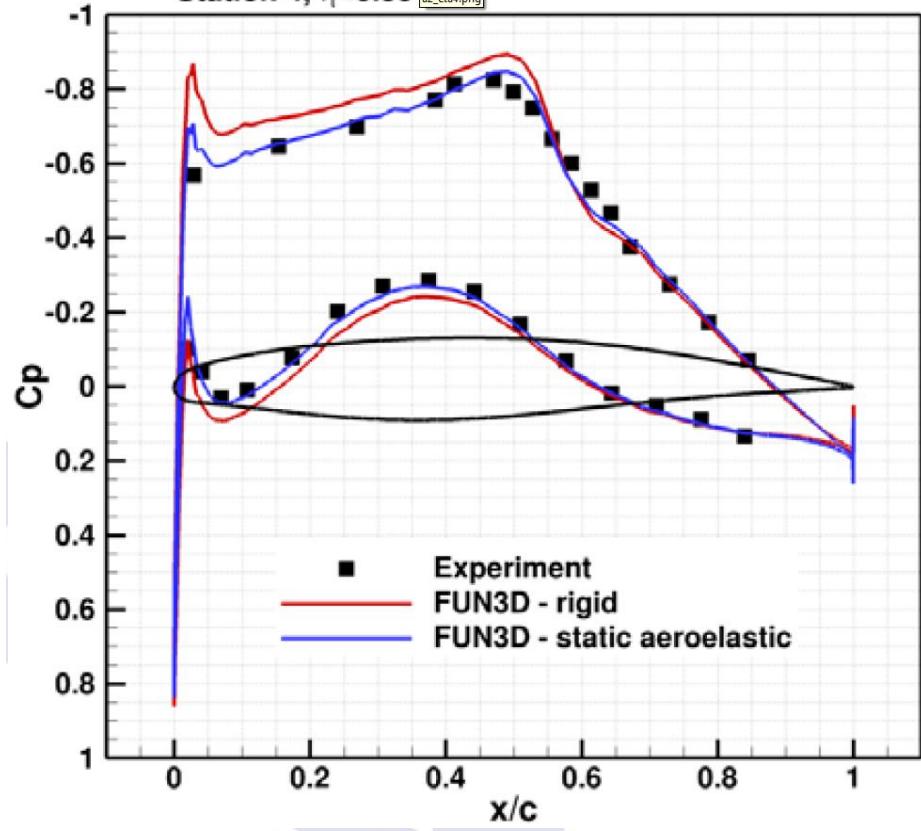
J.Heeg, J.Florance, P.Chwalowski, B. Perry, C.Wieseman. Information Package: Workshop on Aeroelastic Prediction. Aeroelasticity Branch, NASA Hampton, Virginia. October 2010

Cp: AOA 2°, Station 4

Mach=0.8, q/E=0.48e-6, Re=23.5e6, alpha=2 deg,
Station 4, eta=0.59



Mach=0.8, q/E=0.48e-6, Re=23.5e6, alpha=2deg,
Station 4, $\eta=0.59$ a2_eta4.png

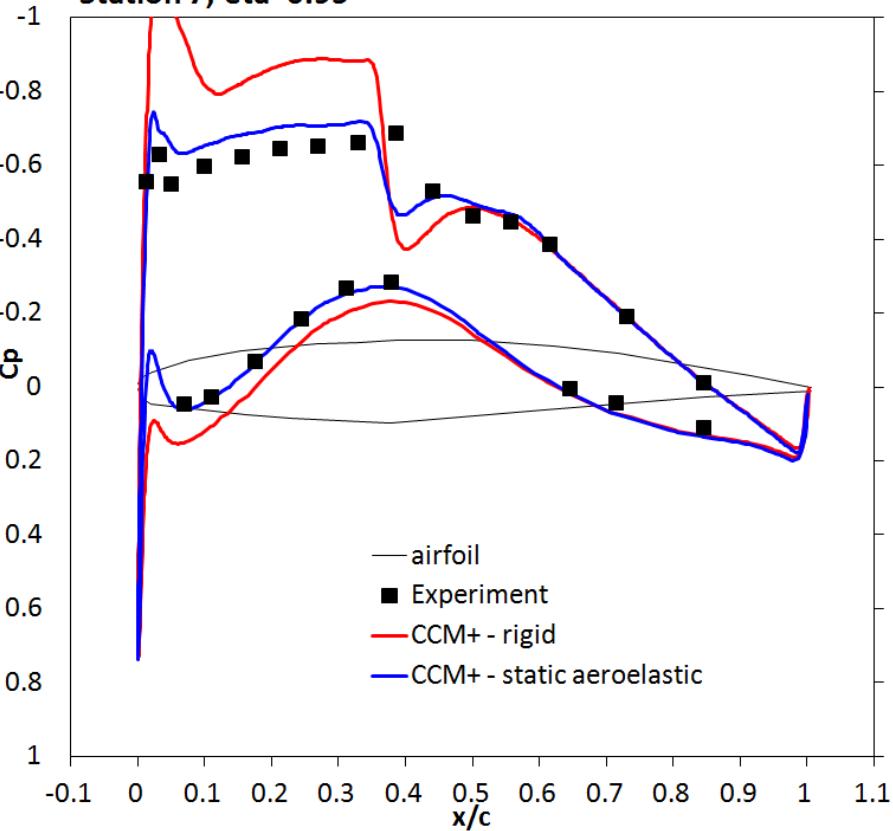


Reference:

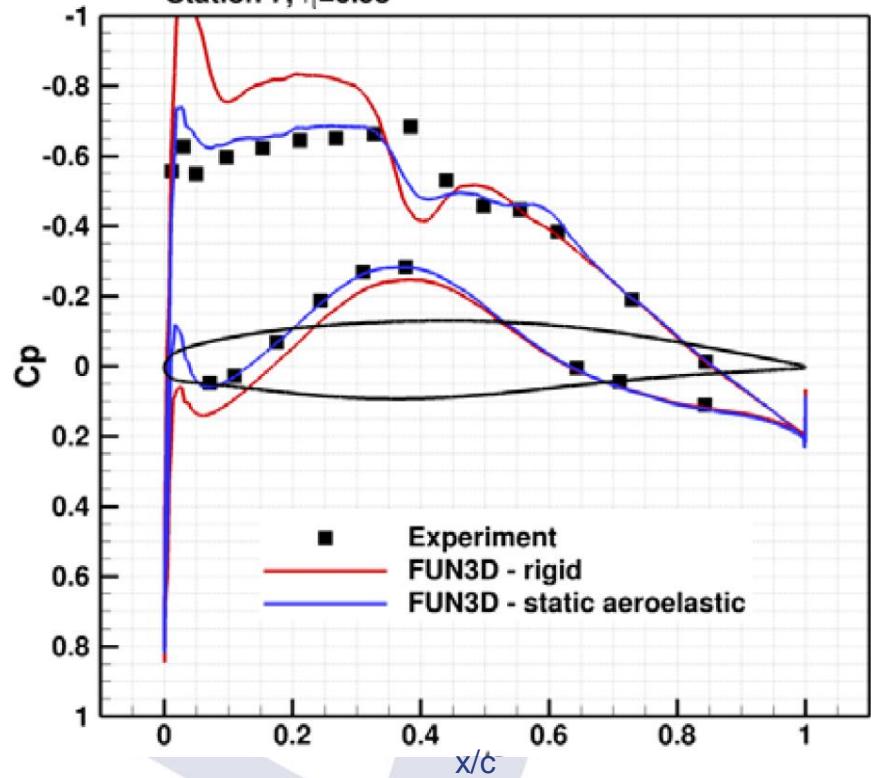
J.Heeg, J.Florance, P.Chwalowski, B. Perry, C.Wieseman. Information Package: Workshop on Aeroelastic Prediction. Aeroelasticity Branch, NASA Hampton, Virginia. October 2010

Cp: AOA 2°, Station 7

Mach=0.8, q/E=0.48e-6, Re=23.5e6, alpha=2 deg,
Station 7, eta=0.95



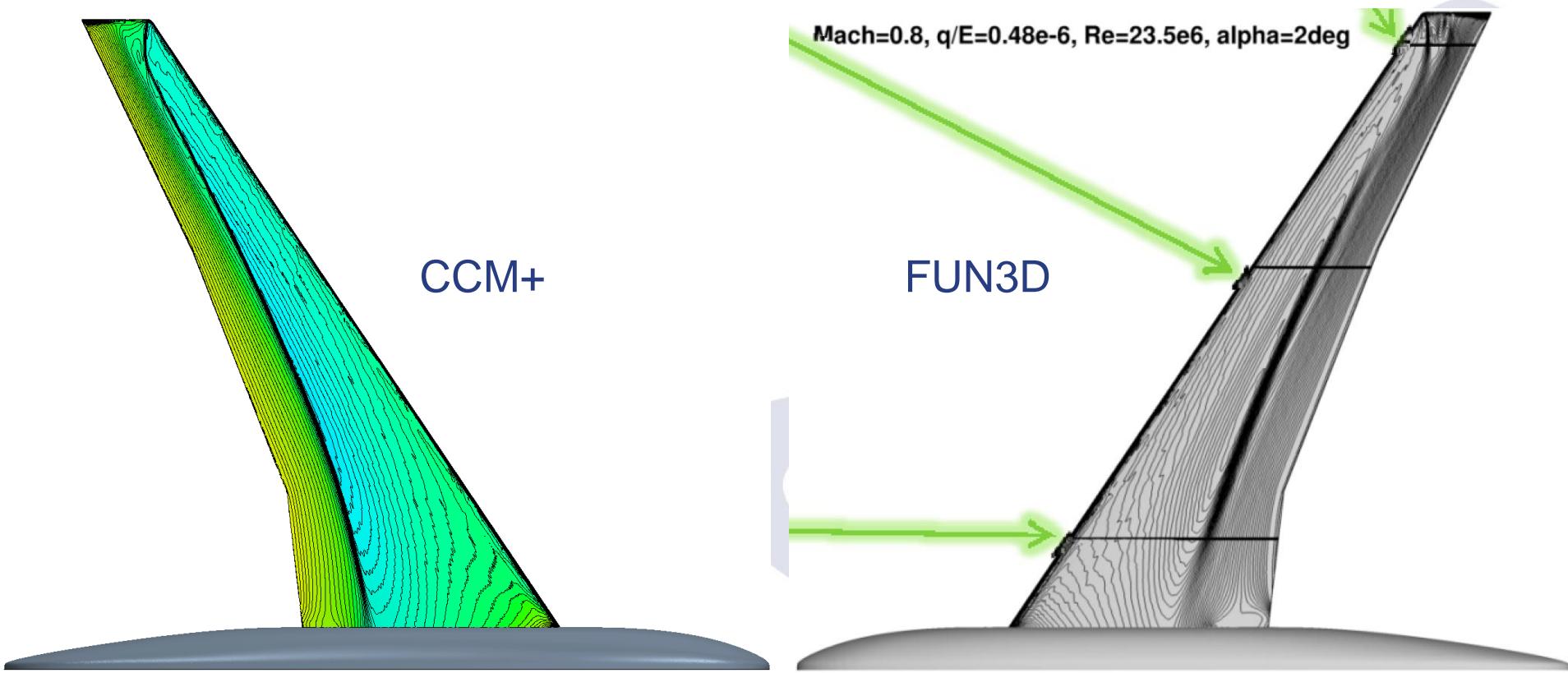
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Station 7, eta=0.95



Reference:

J.Heeg, J.Florance, P.Chwalowski, B. Perry, C.Wieseman. Information Package: Workshop on Aeroelastic Prediction. Aeroelasticity Branch, NASA Hampton, Virginia. October 2010

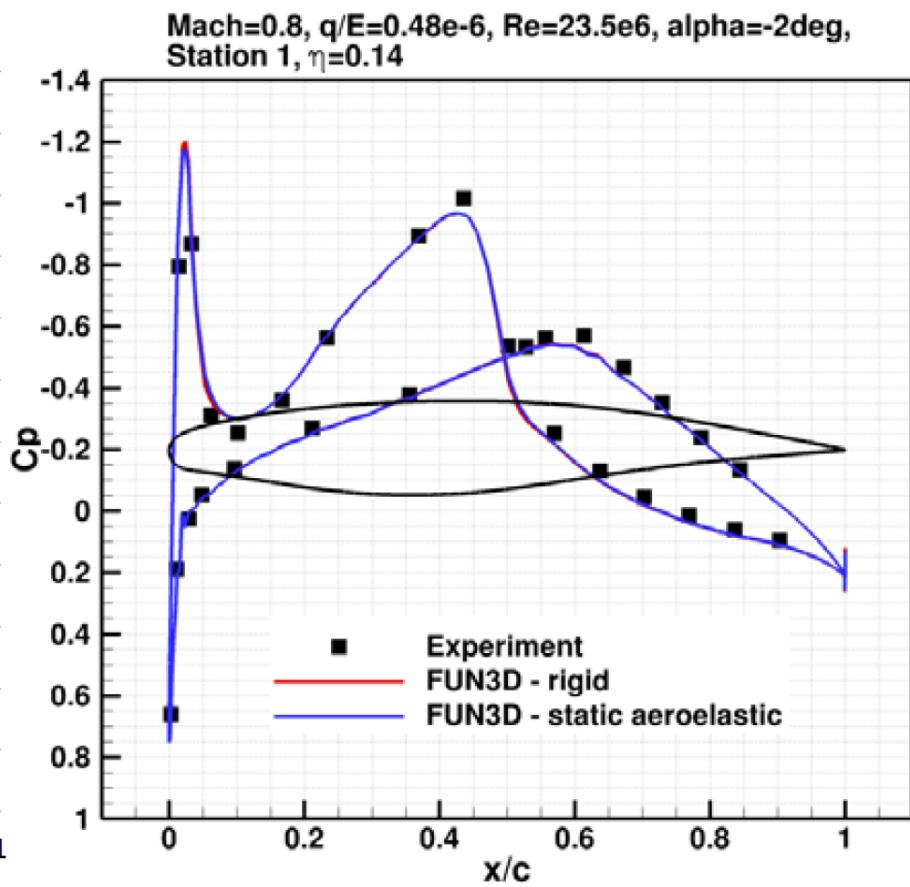
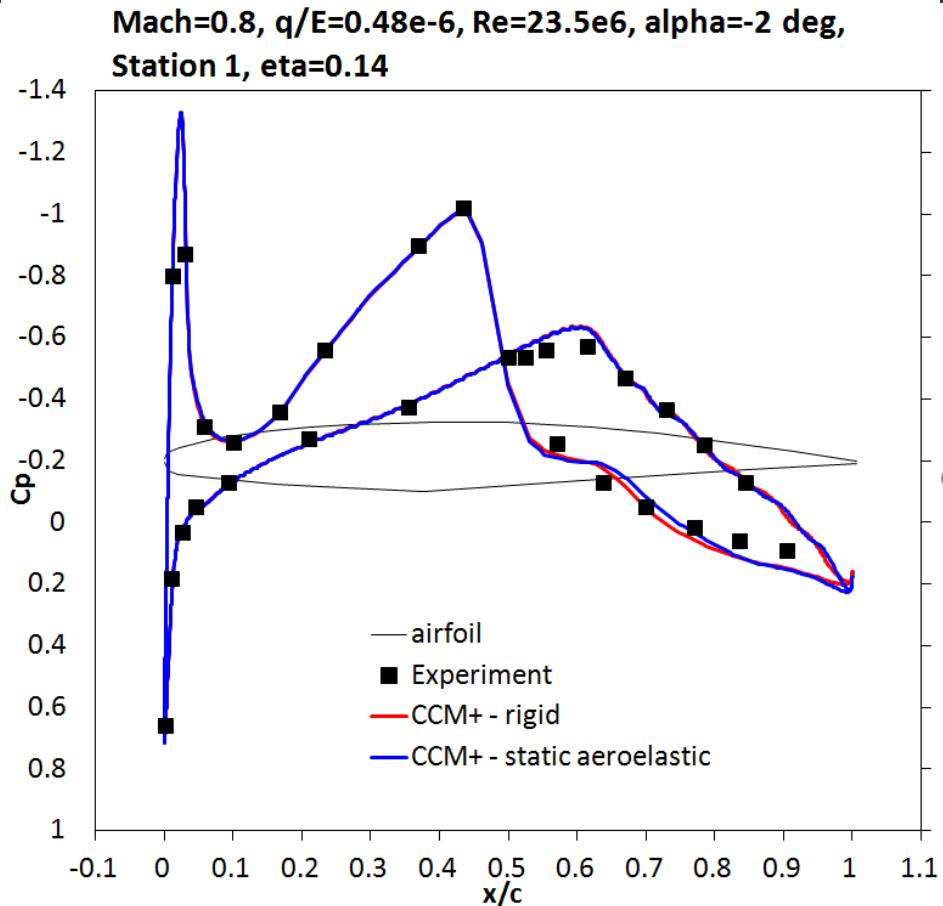
Cp: AOA 2°



Reference:

J.Heeg, J.Florance, P.Chwalowski, B. Perry, C.Wieseman. Information Package: Workshop on Aeroelastic Prediction. Aeroelasticity Branch, NASA Hampton, Virginia. October 2010

Cp: AOA -2°, Station 1

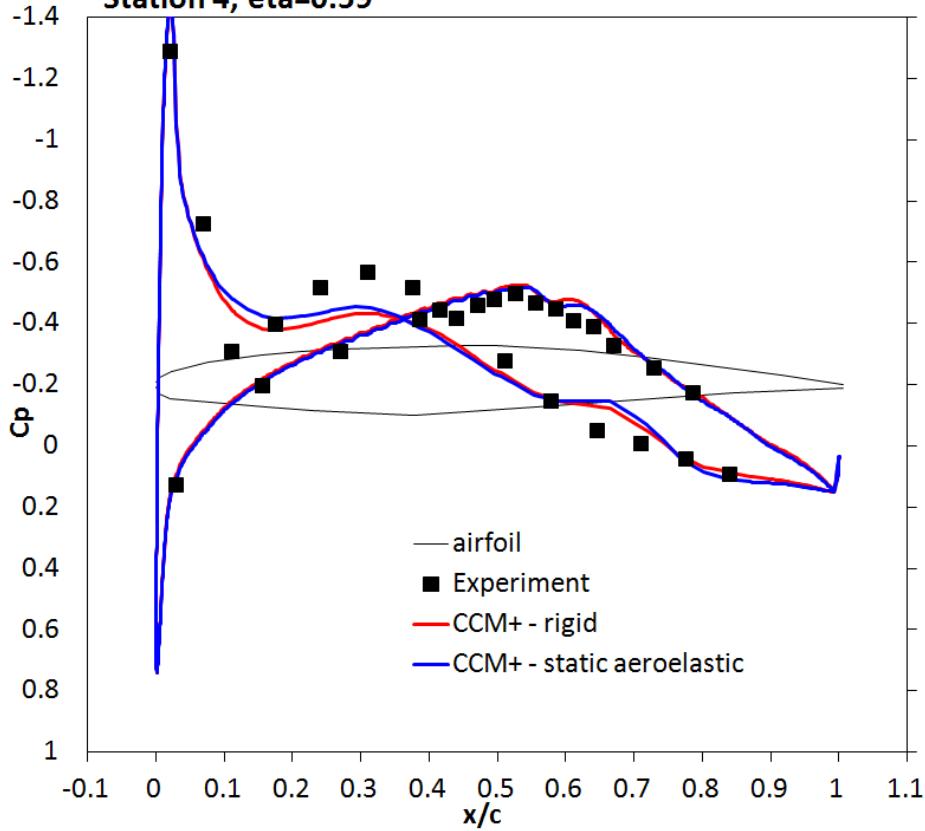


Reference:

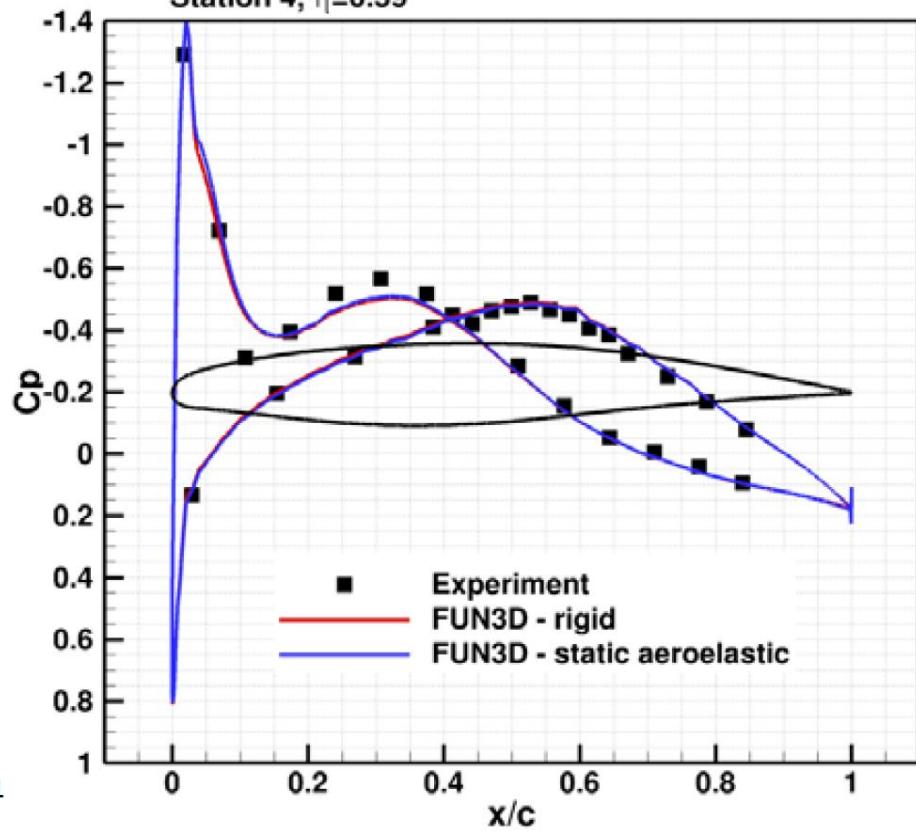
J.Heeg, J.Florance, P.Chwalowski, B. Perry, C.Wieseman. Information Package: Workshop on Aeroelastic Prediction. Aeroelasticity Branch, NASA Hampton, Virginia. October 2010

Cp: AOA -2°, Station 4

Mach=0.8, q/E=0.48e-6, Re=23.5e6, alpha=-2 deg,
Station 4, eta=0.59



Mach=0.8, q/E=0.48e-6, Re=23.5e6, alpha=-2deg,
Station 4, $\eta=0.59$

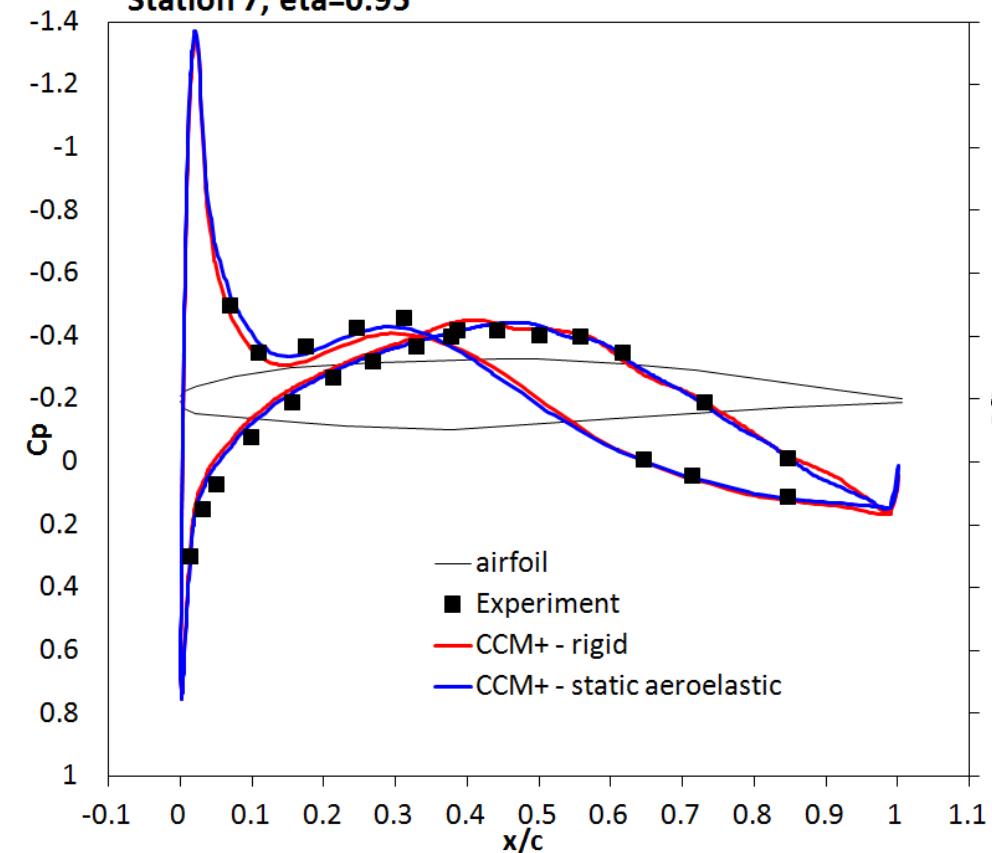


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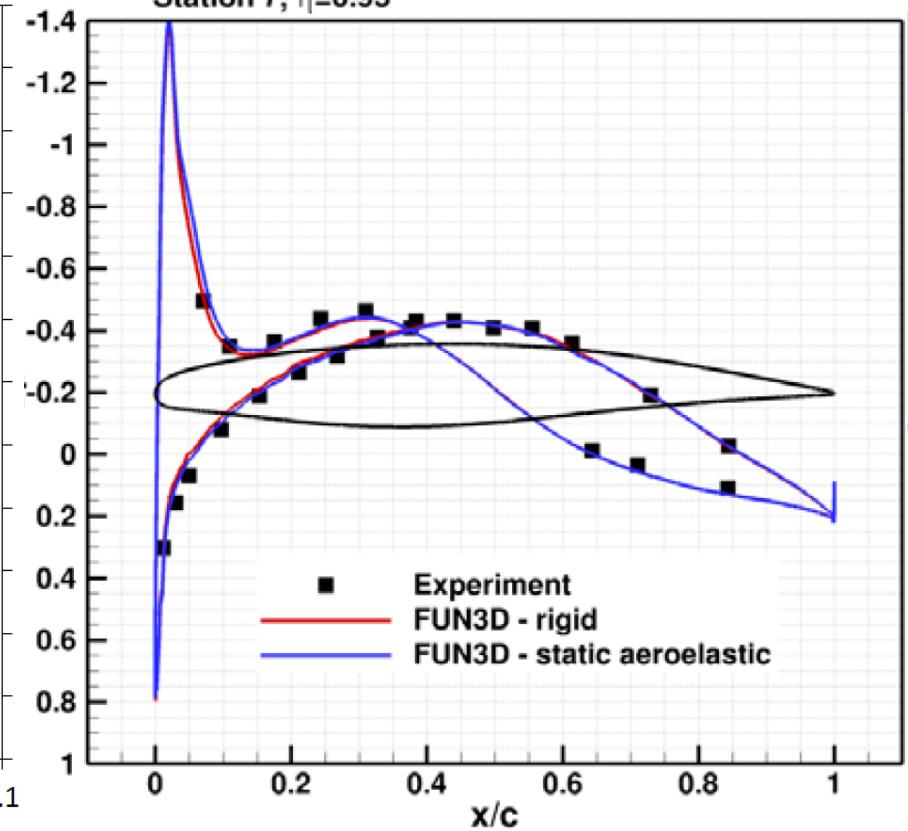
J.Heeg, J.Florance, P.Chwalowski, B. Perry, C.Wieseman. Information Package: Workshop on Aeroelastic Prediction. Aeroelasticity Branch, NASA Hampton, Virginia. October 2010

Cp: AOA -2°, Station 7

Mach=0.8, q/E=0.48e-6, Re=23.5e6, alpha=-2 deg,
Station 7, eta=0.95



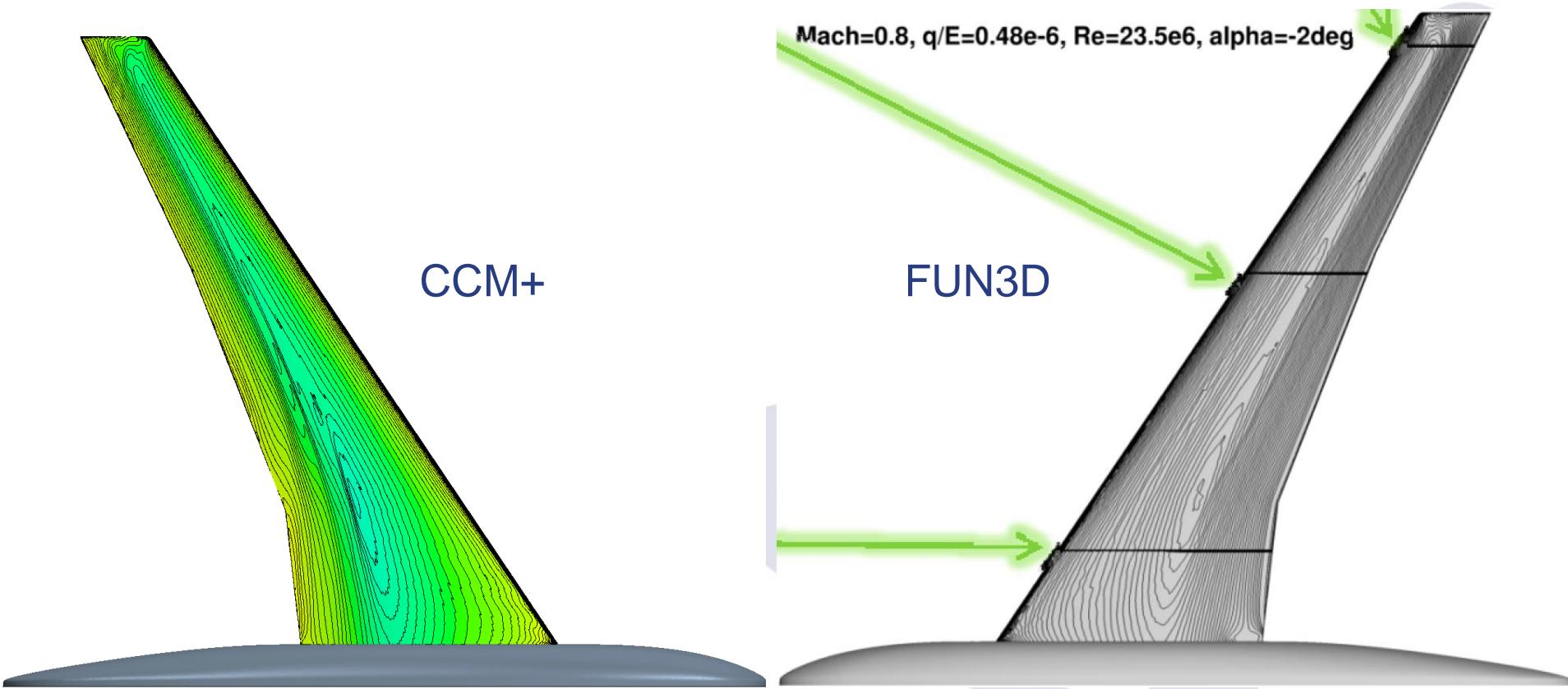
Mach=0.8, q/E=0.48e-6, Re=23.5e6, a
Station 7, $\eta=0.95$



Reference:

J.Heeg, J.Florance, P.Chwalowski, B. Perry, C.Wieseman. Information Package: Workshop on Aeroelastic Prediction. Aeroelasticity Branch, NASA Hampton, Virginia. October 2010

Cp: AOA -2°



Reference:

J.Heeg, J.Florance, P.Chwalowski, B. Perry, C.Wieseman. Information Package: Workshop on Aeroelastic Prediction. Aeroelasticity Branch, NASA Hampton, Virginia. October 2010

Wind-off Free Vibration

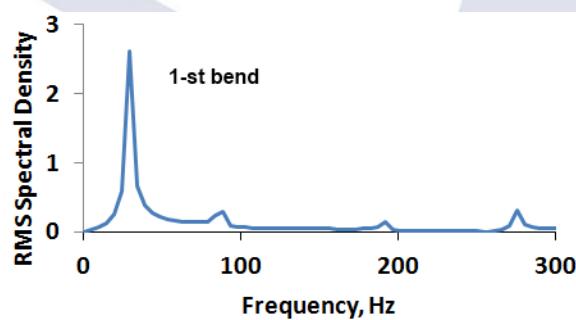
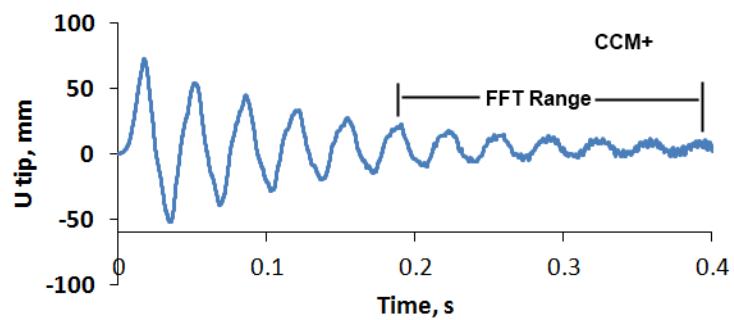
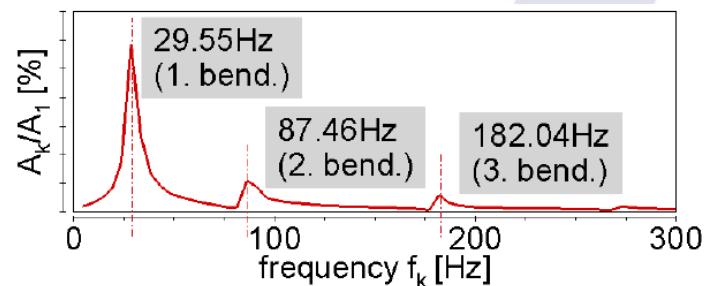
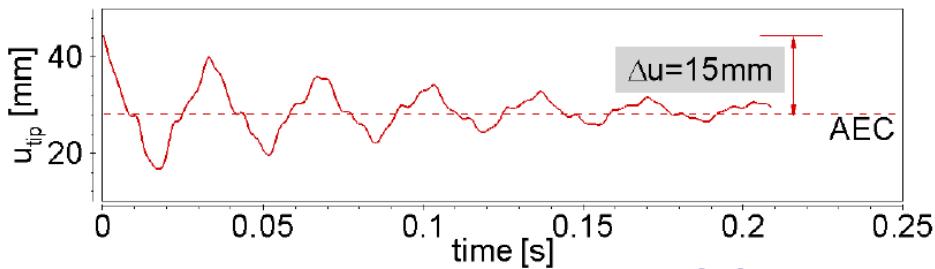
- Comparisons

Mode	Eigenshape	Experiment, Hz	Base FEA, Hz	Abaqus, Hz	Error to exp., %	Error to Base, %
1	1. flap-bending	25.75	26.54	26.545	3.09	0.02
2	2. flap-bending	71.75	86.05	86.034	19.91	-0.02
5	1. torsion	262.90	272.9	273.35	3.97	0.16

Wind-On Free Vibration

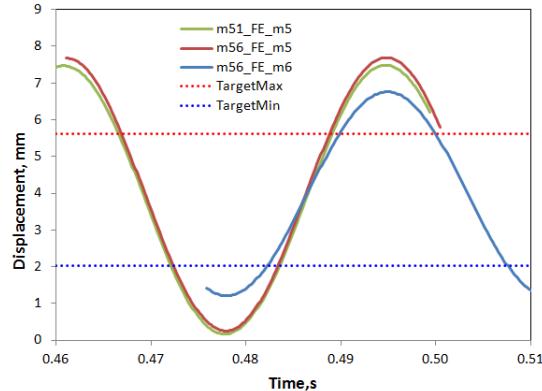
$q/E = 0.48e-6$, $M = 0.8$, $Re = 23.5e6$, $AoA = -1.34^\circ$, weight impulse

Medium	Frequency, Hz			Error, %	
	Experiment	Base	Result	to Exp.	to Base
Vacuum	25.75	26.54	26.55	3.09	0.02
Nitrogen	29.1	29.55	29.54	1.52	-0.03

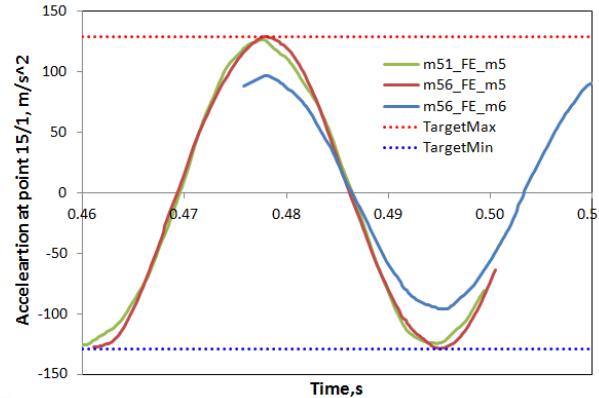


Wind-On Vibration 1st Flap-bending exp #270

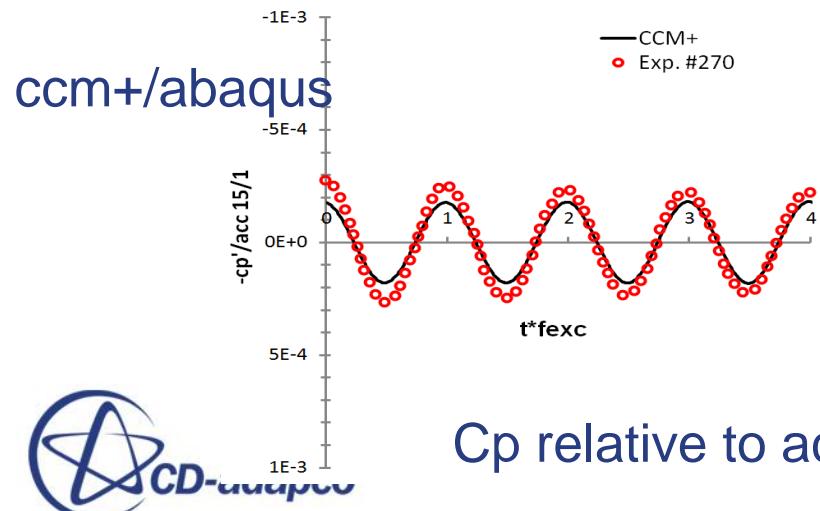
AoA = -1.34° Moment 1430N-m applied on shells at 29.5 Hz



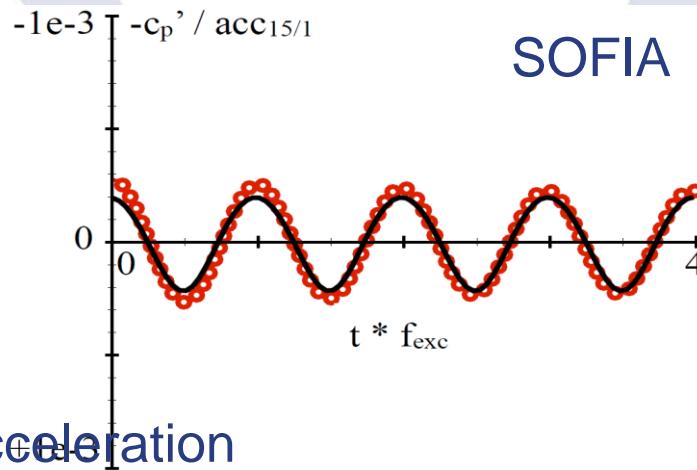
displacement



acceleration



Cp relative to acceleration



Conclusions

- Aeroelastic equilibrium
 - Reasonable comparisons to other codes and experiments in lift, drag and displacements
 - Overprediction of shock strength and slightly downstream
 - Aero Analyst is now previewing results (Deryl Snyder)
- Wind-off Vibration Structural model
 - Slight errors in frequencies to experiments
 - Closer to published numerical models
- Wind-on Free Vibration
 - Reasonable comparisons to experiments and other codes
 - Need data for damping coefficients to access structure damping
- Wind-on Forced Vibration 1st flap-bending mode
 - Uncertainty where to apply moment, need experimental details
 - Contradiction between published displacement and acceleration